Mr. NEY for having brought to this floor perhaps the most significant piece of legislation of this session, a piece of legislation that is going to benefit all, so many Americans, a piece of legislation that is absolutely going to open up homeownership opportunities in ways that we could not have done. He saved one of the most significant Departments of government by understanding that the FHA was in danger and that it was about to become irrelevant; and because of this legislation, it is revitalized. It can do what those who originally envisioned its possibilities intended for it to do.

Mr. BACA. Mr. Speaker, I rise in strong support of H.R. 5121, the Expanding American Homeownership Act of 2006. I am proud to be a cosponsor of a bill that restores the Federal Housing Administration (FHA) program back to

California's housing markets.

The FHA program has not kept up with the needs of underserved homebuyers. According to HUD estimates, the number of working families served by FHA has declined considerably with only 3 percent of home buyers using FHA loans. I am especially concerned that this decline has had a disparate impact on the State of California. In 2000, FHA insured 109,074 mortgages in California. But last year, FHA insured only 5,137 loans. This is a decrease of 95 percent in just five years—by far the largest in the country!

Many of my constituents are being priced out of the housing market because the cost of housing is too high. In fact, the median home price in San Bernardino County is \$403,000 which is only affordable for 2 out of every 10 families. For these families FHA is not an option because the program's maximum mortgage limit is too low. As a result, FHA fell from providing 5,543 single family loans in my district in 2000 to just 199 loans last year. The FHA program has all but disappeared in my district, placing housing further out of reach for underserved communities!

If we don't pass the reforms in this bill, minority and low income families are left vulnerable in the housing market. Without FHA loans first-time and minority homebuyers with less-than perfect credit are left with fewer safe and affordable options. This creates an incentive for predatory lenders to steer them into more expensive and riskier loans.

H.R. 5121 will help reverse this trend by improving the FHA program so that FHA can offer better mortgage options to low and moderate income families and minorities. It reforms the FHA program by raising the loan limits for high cost areas from 87 percent of the conforming limit to 100 percent of that limit. This change is critical to California, where home prices and new home construction have eclipsed FHA's current limit of \$362,790.

We must pass H.R. 5121 because it will allow the FHA program to reach underserved communities. All hard-working people deserve a fair deal in the homebuying process with a real chance to create better, more economically secure futures for their families.

Mr. Speaker, I express my full support of this bill and urge my fellow colleagues to adopt its final passage.

Ms. WATERS. Mr. Speaker, I yield back the balance of my time.

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mr. HAYES). The question is on the motion

offered by the gentleman from Ohio (Mr. NEY) that the House suspend the rules and pass the bill, H.R. 5121, as amended

The question was taken.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. In the opinion of the Chair, two-thirds of those present have voted in the affirmative.

Mr. FLAKE. Mr. Speaker, on that I demand the yeas and nays.

The yeas and nays were ordered.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 8 of rule XX and the Chair's prior announcement, further proceedings on this question will be postponed.

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE SPEAKER PRO TEMPORE

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 8 of rule XX, proceedings will resume on questions previously postponed.

Votes will be taken in the following order:

H.R. 5852, by the yeas and nays; H.R. 4804, by the yeas and nays;

Motion to instruct conferees on H.R. 2830, by the yeas and nays.

The first electronic vote will be conducted as a 15-minute vote. Remaining electronic votes will be conducted as 5-minute votes.

21ST CENTURY EMERGENCY COMMUNICATIONS ACT OF 2006

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The pending business is the question of suspending the rules and passing the bill, H.R. 5852.

The Clerk read the title of the bill. The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the motion offered by the gentleman from Michigan (Mr. UPTON) that the House suspend the rules and pass the bill, H.R. 5852, on which the yeas and nays are ordered.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—yeas 414, nays 2, not voting 16, as follows:

[Roll No. 397] YEAS—414

Bishop (NY) Abercrombie Buyer Ackerman Bishop (UT) Calvert Camp (MI) Aderholt Blackburn Campbell (CA) Blumenauer Akin Alexander Blunt Cannon Boehlert Allen Cantor Andrews Boehner Capito Bonilla Capps Bachus Bonner Capuano Bono Baird Cardin Boozman Baker Cardoza Baldwin Boren Carnahan Boswell Barrett (SC) Carter Barrow Boucher Case Bartlett (MD) Castle Boustany Barton (TX) Boyd Chabot Bass Bradley (NH) Chandler Bean Brady (PA) Chocola. Brady (TX) Beauprez Clay Brown (OH) Cleaver Becerra Berkley Brown (SC) Clyburn Berman Brown, Corrine Coble Cole (OK) Berry Brown-Waite, Biggert Ginny Conaway Bilbray Burgess Convers Rilira kis Burton (IN) Cooper Bishop (GA) Butterfield Costa

Costello Cramer Inslee Crenshaw Israel Crowley Tssa. Cubin Cuellar Culberson (TX) Jefferson Cummings Jenkins Davis (CA) Jindal Davis (FL) Davis (IL) Davis (KY) Davis (TN) Davis, Tom Jones (NC) Jones (OH) Deal (GA) DeFazio Kanjorski DeGette Keller Kelly DeLauro Dent Diaz-Balart, L. Kildee Diaz-Balart, M. Dicks Kind Dingell King (IA) King (NY) Doggett Doolittle Kingston Doyle Kirk Drake Kline Knollenberg Dreier Kolbe Duncan Edwards Kucinich Ehlers Kuhl (NY) Emanuel LaHood Langevin Emerson Engel Lantos English (PA) Eshoo Larson (CT) Etheridge Latham LaTourette Everett Farr Leach Fattah Lee Levin Feenev Lewis (CA) Ferguson Lewis (GA) Filner Fitzpatrick (PA) Lewis (KY) Linder Folev Lipinski Forbes Fortenberry LoBiondo Fossella Foxx Lowey Frank (MA) Lucas Franks (AZ) Frelinghuysen Lvnch Gallegly Garrett (NJ) Mack Gerlach Maloney Gibbons Manzullo Gilchrest Marchant Gillmor Markey Marshall Gingrey Matheson Gohmert Gonzalez Matsui McCarthy Goode Goodlatte Gordon Granger McCotter Graves McCrery Green (WI) McDermott McGovern Green, Al Green, Gene McHenry Grijalya McHugh Gutierrez McIntvre Gutknecht McKeon Hall McMorris Harman McNulty Meehan Meeks (NY) Hart Hastings (FL) Hastings (WA) Melancon Hayes Mica Havworth Michaud Hefley Miller (FL) Hensarling Miller (MI) Herger Miller (NC) Herseth Higgins Hinchev Mollohan Hinojosa Moore (KS) Hobson Moore (WI) Hoekstra Moran (KS) Holden Moran (VA) Holt Murphy Honda

Hooley

Hoyer

Hunter

Hyde

Hulshof

Hostettler

Ney Northup Inglis (SC) Norwood Nunes Jackson (IL) Oberstar Jackson-Lee Obey Olver Ortiz Osborne Otter Johnson (CT) Oxlev Johnson (IL) Pallone Johnson, E. B. Pascrell Johnson, Sam Pastor Payne Pearce Pelosi Peterson (MN) Peterson (PA) Kennedy (MN) Petri Kennedy (RI) Pickering Pitts Kilpatrick (MI) Platts Poe Pombo Pomerov Porter Price (GA) Price (NC) Pryce (OH) Putnam Radanovich Rahall Ramstad Rangel Regula Larsen (WA) Rehberg Reichert Renzi Reves Reynolds Rogers (AL) Rogers (KY) Rogers (MI) Rohrabacher Ros-Lehtinen Ross Rothman Roybal-Allard Lofgren, Zoe Rovce Ruppersberger Rush Ryan (OH) Lungren, Daniel Ryan (WI) Rvun (KS) Sabo Salazar Sánchez Linda T. Sanchez, Loretta Sanders Saxton Schakowsky Schiff McCaul (TX) Schmidt McCollum (MN) Schwartz (PA) Schwarz (MI) Scott (GA) Scott (VA) Sensenbrenner Serrano Sessions Shadegg Shaw Shavs Sherman Sherwood Shimkus Shuster Simmons Simpson Skelton Slaughter Smith (NJ) Miller, Gary Smith (TX) Miller, George Smith (WA) Snyder Sodrel Solis Souder Spratt Stark Murtha Stearns Musgrave Strickland Myrick Stupak Nadler Sweeney Napolitano Tancredo Neal (MA) Tanner Tauscher Neugebauer